| Date    | Source    | Details of Representation  | Comments   |
|---------|-----------|--|--|
| 9/09/18 | Gosscha   | Paragraph 2.5 (location) refers to the potential for   | Valid consideration.   |
|         | lks       | a policy to be determined with regard to areas   | Paragraph in reference                                       |
|         | Solicitor | where gambling premises should not be located.   | to specific policy   |
|         | S         | The sentence that refers to this should be   | removed.   |
|         |           | removed. Any such policy is likely to be unlawful  |  |
|         |           | and is certainly contrary to the overriding  |  |
|         |           | principle that the Licensing Authority must "aim   |  |
|         |           | to permit" the use of premises for gambling. The   |  |
|         |           | paragraph should simply be clear (as it is in the  |  |
|         |           | final sentence) that applications will be  |  |
|         |           | determined on their own merits.  |  |
|         |           | Paragraph 2.10 defines the Licensing Authority's approach to the imposition of conditions on premises licences. This section would be assisted by a clear explanation that all Gambling Act 2005 | Already covered by primary legislation. No necessary changes |
|         |           | premises licences are subject to mandatory and<br>default conditions that are usually sufficient to<br>ensure operation that is reasonably consistent  |  |
|         |           | with the licensing objectives. The draft Statement of Policy should be clear that additional   |  |
|         |           | conditions will only be imposed where there is   |  |
|         |           | clear evidence of a risk to the licensing objectives   |  |
|         |           | in the circumstances of a particular case. The   |  |
|         |           | evidential basis for the imposition of conditions is   |  |
|         |           | extremely important and should be made clear.  |  |
|         |           | The new section relating to risk assessments   | Typo – should have read 'gambling premises',                 |
|         |           | appears (due to its heading) to only apply to betting premises. The LCCP social responsibility   | now rectified  |
|         |           | and ordinary code provisions apply to all gambling   |  |
|         |           | premises not simply betting premises.  |  |
|         |           | Within this section there is a list of bullet points   | No statutory guidance is                                     |
|         |           | that the Licensing Authority recommends be   | available in relation to                                     |
|         |           | considered by operators when making a risk   | what specific data   |
|         |           | assessment. This list of bullet points should be re-   | could/should be  |
|         |           | drafted as it contains matters that are irrelevant   | included within local risk                                   |
|         |           | for an assessment of risk to the licensing   | assessments (this is a                                       |
|         |           | objectives. For example "gaming trends that  | matter for each  |
|         |           | reflect benefit payments" is an irrelevant matter  | Licensing Authority to determine).                           |
|         |           | unless the Licensing Authority had predetermined   | ueterriniej.   |
|         |           | that persons in receipt of benefits are  | It is agreed that there is                                   |
|         |           | automatically vulnerable or more likely to commit  | no known justification                                       |
|         | •         |  | <u>-</u>   |

|             |             | crime as a result of gambling. We are certain that that predetermination has not taken place and accordingly this bullet point should be removed.  Similarly, as issues of nuisance are not relevant, the bullet point that refers to street drinking, youths participating in antisocial behaviour and drug dealing activities should be removed.   | for including 'gaming<br>trends that may reflect<br>benefit payments'<br>within the matters to be<br>considered within a<br>local risk assessment. –<br>will remove reference  |
|-------------|-------------|--|--|
|             |             | Thereafter there are two further lists of bullet points which again refer to gaming trends and issues of nuisance. These lists of bullet points should be re-drafted. In addition, the references to the consideration of "matters of faith and proximity to places of worship" should be removed as moral objections to gambling are not relevant considerations.   | Agreed that moral objections not relevant, and that reference to be removed  |
|             |             | Overall, the new section on risk assessment is overly prescriptive and the Licensing Authority must recognise that for the most part, risk assessments will be conducted by experienced operators with many years experience operating premises in areas of high population and footfall. The draft Statement of Policy should be clear that operators may conduct their own risk assessments using their own criteria and that the issues raised in the draft policy are merely matters that may be considered.   | It is stated that these are purely recommendations that are in the policy to offer operators assistance. However last paragraph amended to reiterate only suggestions and down to operator to consider their own risk assessment |
| 23/08/2 018 | Gamcar<br>e | While we do not have the resources available to allow us to personally respond to each Local Authority which contacts us regarding their refreshed Statement of Principles, we have compiled a list of the issues or factors which we think it would be helpful to consider below, more information is available via the <a href="Gambling Commission">Gambling Commission</a> .  The function of the Statement is to reflect locally specific gambling concerns and to reflect the Council's wider strategic objectives. The active use of the Statement is one means by which you can make clear your expectations of gambling |  |

operators who have premises in your area. This allows operators to respond to locally specific requirements and adjust their own policies and procedures as required.

A helpful first step is to develop a risk map
of your local area so that you are aware of
both potential and actual risks around
gambling venues. A useful explanation of
area-based risk-mapping has been
developed with Westminster and
Manchester City Councils, which gives
some guidance on those who may be
most vulnerable or at-risk of gamblingrelated harm. For more information
please see

Agree this could be useful, but not requirement and resource not available to undertake such an assessment

www.geofutures.com/research-2/gambling-related-harm-how-localspace-shapes-our-understanding-of-risk/

 Consider that proposals for new gambling premises which are near hostels or other accommodation or centres catering for vulnerable people, including those with learning difficulties, and those with gambling / alcohol / drug abuse problems, as likely to adversely affect the licensing objectives set out by the Gambling Commission. This is also relevant regarding the proximity to schools, colleges and universities.

Already included in policy

• A detailed local risk assessment at each gambling venue – pertinent to the environment immediately surrounding the premises as well as the wider local area – is a good way to gauge whether the operator and staff teams are fully aware of the challenges present in the local area and can help reassure the Local Licensing Authority that appropriate mitigations are in place.

Risk assessment covered in policy –not all points covered as merely guidelines/suggestions

• Does the operator have a specific training

|         |                                | programme for staff to ensure that they are able to identify children and other vulnerable people, and take appropriate action to ensure they are not able to access the premises or are supported appropriately?  • Does the operator ensure that there is an adequate number of staff and managers are on the premises at key points throughout the day? This may be particularly relevant for premises situated nearby schools / colleges / universities, and/or pubs, bars and clubs.  • Consider whether the layout, lighting and fitting out of the premises have been designed so as not to attract children and other vulnerable persons who might be harmed or exploited by gambling.  • Consider whether any promotional material associated with the premises could encourage the use of the premises by children or young people if they are not legally allowed to do so.  We would suggest that the Local Licensing Authority primarily consider applications from GamCare Certified operators. GamCare Certification is a voluntary process comprising an independent audit assessment of an operator's player protection measures and social responsibility standards, policy and practice. Standards are measured in accordance with the GamCare Player Protection Code of Practice. |  |
|---------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 17/8/18 | Gamblin<br>g<br>Commis<br>sion | Page 39 /40 suggests about LRAs required for betting premises (and tracks) only as there is no reference to other types of premises needing it . Yet when they go into detail about variations/what some of the triggers for change could be they cite AGC/Casinos etc to be honest its all quite confusing   | Typo –should have read 'gambling' instead of 'betting' now rectified |
|         |                                | Please consider removing the heading that just says risk assessment – betting shops and make it   |  |

| reword that |
|-------------|
|-------------|



BY EMAIL ONLY Licensing Department Cardiff City Council Please ask for: Richard Taylor
Direct Tel:

Email:

Our ref: RJT / MJM / 097505.00005

#GS2177577

Your ref: Date: 19 September 2018

Dear Sir/Madam,

## Re: Gambling Act 2005 Policy Statement Consultation

We act for the Association of British Bookmakers (ABB) and have received instructions to respond on behalf of our client to the current consultation on the Council's review of its gambling policy statement.

The Association of British Bookmakers (ABB) represents over 80% of the high street betting market. Its members include large national operators such as William Hill, Ladbrokes Coral and Paddy Power, as well as almost 100 smaller independent bookmakers.

Please see below for the ABB's response to the Council's current consultation on the draft gambling policy statement.

This response starts by setting out the ABB's approach in areas relevant to the local authority's regulation of betting shop premises, and its commitment to working with local authorities in partnership. The response finishes by highlighting matters within the policy statement which the ABB feels may need to be addressed.

Betting shops have been part of the British high street for over 50 years and ensuring a dialogue with the communities they serve is vital.

The ABB recognises the importance of the gambling policy statement in focusing on the local environment and welcomes the informed approach this will enable operators to take for example, with regard, to the new requirements for local area risk assessments and ensuring the right structures are in place in shops that are appropriate for that area.

Whilst it is important that the gambling policy statement fully reflects the local area, the ABB is also keen to ensure that the statutory requirements placed on operators and local authorities under the Gambling Act 2005 remain clear; this includes mandatory conditions (for instance, relating to Think 21 policies) and the aim to permit structure. Any duplication or obscuring of these within new processes would be detrimental to the gambling licensing regime. The ABB also believes it is



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important that the key protections already offered for communities, and clear process (including putting the public on notice) for objections to premises licence applications, continue to be recognised under the new regime.

Any consideration of gambling licensing at the local level should also be considered within the wider context.

- the overall number of betting shops is in decline. The latest Gambling Commission industry statistics show that numbers as of March 2017 were 8,788 - a decline of 349 since March 2014, when there were 9,137 recorded.
- planning law changes introduced in April 2015 have increased the ability of licensing authorities
  to review applications for new premises, as all new betting shops must now apply for planning
  permission.
- successive prevalence surveys and health surveys tells us that problem gambling rates in the UK
  are stable (0.6%) and possibly falling.

## Working in partnership with local authorities

The ABB is fully committed to ensuring constructive working relationships exist between betting operators and licensing authorities, and that where problems may arise that they can be dealt with in partnership. The exchange of clear information between councils and betting operators is a key part of this and the opportunity to respond to this consultation is welcomed.

## LGA - ABB Betting Partnership Framework

In January 2015 the ABB signed a partnership agreement with the Local Government Association (LGA), developed over a period of months by a specially formed Betting Commission consisting of councillors and betting shop firms, which established a framework designed to encourage more joint working between councils and the industry.

Launching the document Cllr Tony Page, LGA Licensing spokesman, said it demonstrated the "desire on both sides to increase joint-working in order to try and use existing powers to tackle local concerns, whatever they might be."

The framework builds on earlier examples of joint working between councils and the industry, for example the Medway Responsible Gambling Partnership which was launched by Medway Council and the ABB in December 2014. The first of its kind in Britain, the voluntary agreement led the way in trialing multi-operator self-exclusion. Lessons learned from this trial paved the way for the national multi-operator self-exclusion scheme now in place across the country. By phoning a free phone number (0800 294 2060) a customer who is concerned they are developing a problem with their gambling can exclude themselves from betting shops close to where they live, work and



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socialise. The ABB is working with local authorities to help raise awareness of the scheme, which is widely promoted within betting shops.

The national scheme was first trialed in Glasgow in partnership with Glasgow City Council. Cllr Paul Rooney, Glasgow's City Treasurer and Chairman of a cross-party Sounding Board on gambling, described the project as "breaking new ground in terms of the industry sharing information, both between operators and, crucially, with their regulator."

## Primary Authority Partnerships in place between the ABB and local authorities

All major operators, and the ABB on behalf of independent members, have also established Primary Authority Partnerships with local authorities. These partnerships help provide a consistent approach to regulation by local authorities, within the areas covered by the partnership; such as ageverification or health and safety. We believe this level of consistency is beneficial both for local authorities and for operators.

For instance, Primary Authority Partnerships between Milton Keynes Council and Reading Council and their respective partners, Ladbrokes and Paddy Power, led to the first Primary Authority inspection plans for gambling coming into effect in January 2015. By creating largely uniform plans, and requiring enforcing officers to inform the relevant Primary Authority before conducting a proactive test-purchase, and provide feedback afterwards, the plans have been able to bring consistency to proactive test-purchasing whilst allowing the Primary Authorities to help the businesses prevent underage gambling on their premises.

## Local area risk assessments

Since April 2016, under new Gambling Commission LCCP provisions, operators have been required to complete local area risk assessments identifying any risks posed to the licensing objectives and how these would be mitigated. Licensees must take into account relevant matters identified in the licensing authority's statement of licensing policy, and any local area profile, in their risk assessment. These must be reviewed where there are significant local changes or changes to the premises, or when applying for a variation to or for a new premises licence.

The ABB fully supports the implementation of risk assessments which will take into account risks presented in the local area, such as exposure to vulnerable groups and crime. The new requirements build on measures the industry has already introduced through the ABB Responsible Gambling Code to better identify problem gamblers and to encourage all customers to gamble responsibly.

This includes training for shop staff on how to intervene and direct problem gamblers to support services, as well as new rules on advertising including banning gaming machine advertising in shop windows, and the introduction of Player Awareness Systems which use technology to track account based gaming machine customers' player history data to allow earlier intervention with any customers whose data displays known 'markers of harm'.



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## Best practice

The ABB is committed to working pro-actively with local authorities to help drive the development of best practice with regard to local area risk assessments, both through responses to consultations such as this and directly with local authorities. Both the ABB and its members are open and willing to engage with any local authority with questions or concerns relating to the risk assessment process, and would encourage them to make contact.

Westminster Council is one local authority which entered into early dialogue with the industry, leading to the development of and consultation on draft guidance on the risk assessment process, which the ABB and our members contributed to. Most recently one operator, Coral, has been working closely with the Council ahead of it issuing its final version of the guidance, which we welcome.

The final guidance includes a recommended template for the local area risk assessment which we would point to as a good example of what should be expected to be covered in an operator's risk assessment. It is not feasible for national operators to submit bespoke risk assessments to each of the c.350 local authorities they each deal with, and all operators have been working to ensure that their templates can meet the requirements set out by all individual local authorities.

The ABB would be concerned should any local authority seek to prescribe the form of an operator's risk assessment. This would not be in line with better regulation principles. Operators must remain free to shape their risk assessment in whichever way best meets their operational processes.

The ABB has also shared recommendations of best practice with its smaller independent members, who although they deal with fewer different local authorities, have less resource to devote to developing their approach to the new assessments. In this way we hope to encourage a consistent application of the new rules by operators which will benefit both them and local authorities.

## Concerns around increases in the regulatory burden on operators

The ABB is concerned to ensure that any changes in the licensing regime at a local level are implemented in a proportionate manner. This would include if any local authority were to set out overly onerous requirements on operators to review their local risk assessments with unnecessary frequency, as this could be damaging. As set out in the LCCP a review should only be required in response to significant local or premises change. In the ABB's view this should be where evidence can be provided to demonstrate that the change could impact the premises' ability to operate consistently with the three licensing objectives.

Any increase in the regulatory burden would severely impact ABB members at a time when overall shop numbers are in decline, and operators are continuing to absorb the impacts of significant recent regulatory change. This includes the increase to 25% of Machine Games Duty, limits to staking over



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£50 on gaming machines, and planning use class changes which require all new betting shops in England to apply for planning permission.

## **Employing additional licence conditions**

It should continue to be the case that additional conditions are only imposed in exceptional circumstances where there are clear reasons for doing so. There are already mandatory and default conditions attached to any premises licence which will ensure operation that is consistent with the licensing objectives. In the vast majority of cases, these will not need to be supplemented by additional conditions.

The LCCP require that premises operate an age verification policy. The industry operates a policy called "Think 21". This policy is successful in preventing under-age gambling. Independent test purchasing carried out by operators and the ABB, and submitted to the Gambling Commission, shows that ID challenge rates are consistently around 85%. The ABB has seen statements of principles requiring the operation of Challenge 25. Unless there is clear evidence of a need to deviate from the industry standard then conditions requiring an alternative age verification policy should not be imposed.

The ABB is concerned that the imposition of additional licensing conditions could become commonplace if there are no clear requirements in the revised licensing policy statement as to the need for evidence. If additional licence conditions are more commonly applied this would increase variation across licensing authorities and create uncertainty amongst operators as to licensing requirements, over complicating the licensing process both for operators and local authorities

## Other concerns

Where a local area profile is produced by the licensing authority, this be made clearly available within the body of the licensing policy statement, where it will be easily accessible by the operator and also available for consultation whenever the policy statement is reviewed.

## Considerations specific to the Draft Statement of Gambling Act Policy 2019 – 2021

Paragraph 2.5 (location) refers to the potential for a policy to be determined with regard to areas where gambling premises should not be located. The sentence that refers to this should be removed. Any such policy is likely to be unlawful and is certainly contrary to the overriding principle that the Licensing Authority must "aim to permit" the use of premises for gambling. The paragraph should simply be clear (as it is in the final sentence) that applications will be determined on their own merits.

Paragraph 2.10 defines the Licensing Authority's approach to the imposition of conditions on premises licences. This section would be assisted by a clear explanation that all Gambling Act 2005 premises licences are subject to mandatory and default conditions that are usually sufficient to



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ensure operation that is reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives. The draft Statement of Policy should be clear that additional conditions will only be imposed where there is clear evidence of a risk to the licensing objectives in the circumstances of a particular case. The evidential basis for the imposition of conditions is extremely important and should be made clear.

The new section relating to risk assessments appears (due to its heading) to only apply to betting premises. The LCCP social responsibility and ordinary code provisions apply to all gambling premises not simply betting premises.

Within this section there is a list of bullet points that the Licensing Authority recommends be considered by operators when making a risk assessment. This list of bullet points should be redrafted as it contains matters that are irrelevant for an assessment of risk to the licensing objectives. For example "gaming trends that reflect benefit payments" is an irrelevant matter unless the Licensing Authority had predetermined that persons in receipt of benefits are automatically vulnerable or more likely to commit crime as a result of gambling. We are certain that that predetermination has not taken place and accordingly this bullet point should be removed.

Similarly, as issues of nuisance are not relevant, the bullet point that refers to street drinking, youths participating in antisocial behaviour and drug dealing activities should be removed.

Thereafter there are two further lists of bullet points which again refer to gaming trends and issues of nuisance. These lists of bullet points should be re-drafted. In addition, the references to the consideration of "matters of faith and proximity to places of worship" should be removed as moral objections to gambling are not relevant considerations.

Overall, the new section on risk assessment is overly prescriptive and the Licensing Authority must recognise that for the most part, risk assessments will be conducted by experienced operators with many years experience operating premises in areas of high population and footfall. The draft Statement of Policy should be clear that operators may conduct their own risk assessments using their own criteria and that the issues raised in the draft policy are merely matters that may be considered.

## Conclusion

The ABB and its members are committed to working closely with both the Gambling Commission and local authorities to continually drive up standards in regulatory compliance in support of the three licensing objectives: to keep crime out of gambling, ensure that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way, and to protect the vulnerable.

Indeed, as set out, the ABB and its members already do this successfully in partnership with local authorities now. This includes through the ABB Responsible Gambling Code, which is mandatory for all members, and the Safe Bet Alliance (SBA), which sets voluntary standards across the industry to make shops safer for customers and staff.



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We would encourage local authorities to engage with us as we continue to develop both these codes of practice, which are in direct support of the licensing objectives, as well as our processes around local area risk assessments.

| <br> |  |
|------|--|
|      |  |
|      |  |

## **Gamcare Response:**

**Sent:** 23 August 2018 12:50

To: Licensing (Licensing Regulatory) / Trwyddedu (Rheoleiddio Trwyddedu)

clicensing@cardiff.gov.uk>

Subject: RE: Draft Cardiff Statement Of Gambling Act Policy 2019-2021

Hello,

Thank you for your email, we appreciate your interest in our work.

While we do not have the resources available to allow us to personally respond to each Local Authority which contacts us regarding their refreshed Statement of Principles, we have compiled a list of the issues or factors which we think it would be helpful to consider below, more information is available via the <u>Gambling Commission</u>.

The function of the Statement is to reflect locally specific gambling concerns and to reflect the Council's wider strategic objectives. The active use of the Statement is one means by which you can make clear your expectations of gambling operators who have premises in your area. This allows operators to respond to locally specific requirements and adjust their own policies and procedures as required.

- A helpful first step is to develop a risk map of your local area so that you are aware of both potential and actual risks around gambling venues. A useful explanation of area-based risk-mapping has been developed with Westminster and Manchester City Councils, which gives some guidance on those who may be most vulnerable or at-risk of gambling-related harm. For more information please see <a href="https://www.geofutures.com/research-2/gambling-related-harm-how-local-space-shapes-our-understanding-of-risk/">https://www.geofutures.com/research-2/gambling-related-harm-how-local-space-shapes-our-understanding-of-risk/</a>
- Consider that proposals for new gambling premises which are near hostels or other accommodation or centres catering for vulnerable people, including those with learning difficulties, and those with gambling / alcohol / drug abuse problems, as likely to adversely affect the licensing objectives set out by the Gambling Commission. This is also relevant regarding the proximity to schools, colleges and universities.
- A detailed local risk assessment at each gambling venue pertinent to the environment immediately surrounding the premises as well as the wider local area is a good way to gauge whether the operator and staff teams are fully aware of the challenges present in the local area and can help reassure the Local Licensing Authority that appropriate mitigations are in place.
- Does the operator have a specific training programme for staff to ensure that they are able to identify children and other vulnerable people, and take appropriate action to ensure they are not able to access the premises or are supported appropriately?
- Does the operator ensure that there is an adequate number of staff and managers are on the premises at key points throughout the day? This may be particularly relevant

for premises situated nearby schools / colleges / universities, and/or pubs, bars and clubs.

- Consider whether the layout, lighting and fitting out of the premises have been designed so as not to attract children and other vulnerable persons who might be harmed or exploited by gambling.
- Consider whether any promotional material associated with the premises could encourage the use of the premises by children or young people if they are not legally allowed to do so.

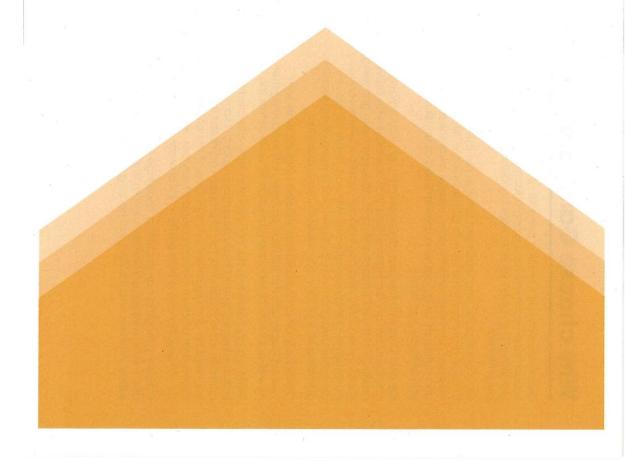
We would suggest that the Local Licensing Authority primarily consider applications from <a href="GamCare Certified operators">GamCare Certified operators</a>. GamCare Certification is a voluntary process comprising an independent audit assessment of an operator's player protection measures and social responsibility standards, policy and practice. Standards are measured in accordance with the GamCare Player Protection Code of Practice. If you would like more information on how our audit can support Local Licensing Authorities, please contact

For more information on GamCare training and other services available to local authorities, as well as recommended training for gambling operators, please see the attached brochures.

If there is anything else we can assist with please do let us know.

## GamCare Local Authority Services





## Why choose GamCare?

GamCare is the UK's leading provider of information, advice, support and treatment for anyone affected by problem gambling. Our expert services are confidential and nonjudgemental.

Our core support and treatment services are currently funded through grant agreements with GambleAware. We also work to minimise gambling related harm through awareness, education and outreach for groups who are identified as at-risk of gambling-related harm.

We also work with the gambling industry to provide training and Certification, aiming to ensure that operators who provide products in the UK understand more about problem gambling, social responsibility and appropriate customer interaction to minimise gambling related harm. We work to ensure players are protected and that employees know more about problem gambling so that they can support their customers.

Our education and awareness initiatives include work with young people and the frontline professionals supporting them, as well as police, prisons and probation services across the UK.

There is a gap between the number of people affected by problem gambling and those accessing support. GamCare currently supports around 1 in 10 problem gamblers through our HelpLine and treatment services. One of the challenges we face is that problem gambling support services, whilst funded, do not usually have a high profile in local areas.

Problem gambling can present a challenge to local authorities as it links to a range of services, such as licencing, community safety, children and families and housing/homelessness.

GamCare are uniquely positioned to support local authorities to develop an integrated strategy to address problem gambling, from promoting safer play through to targeting those with increasing risk and ensuring problem gamblers, and those affected by problem gambling, have access to effective support and treatment.

GamCare is able to work across local authorities to provide an holistic response to problem gambling in each local area. We have developed knowledge and expertise relevant to a range of stakeholders working in frontline roles across your area and have developed training for teachers, GP's, police and probation workers, youth workers and many more.

GamCare offers a pick and mix package of paid-for training, consultancy, auditing and engagement services, all underpinned by an expert advice and treatment service which is available completely free of charge across the country.

We are expert in problem gambling and understand its manifestation in context. We have developed a wide range of training programmes which provide:

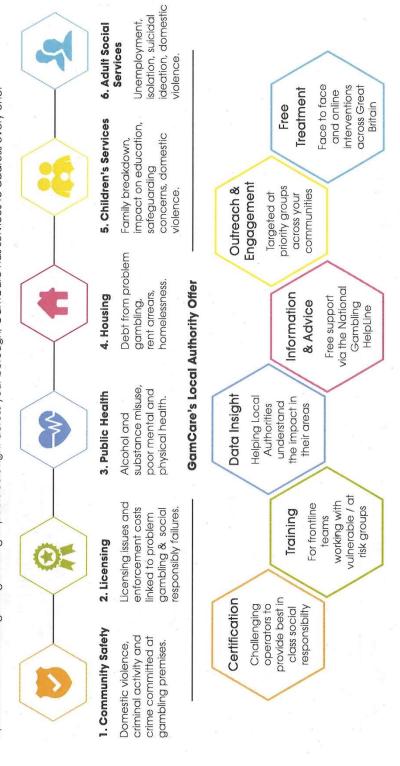
- Awareness raising to highlight the issue of problem gambling, its nature and incidence, as well as impacts, and where to get support;
- Identification and Brief Advice for frontline staff who may come across problem gamblers (or 'affected others') in their everyday work;
- In-depth, pro-active behaviour change training aimed at those working with those affected in supportive capacities

1. See Cards on the table: The cost to government associated with people who are problem gamblers in Britain

that for every problem gambler, up to seven others are impacted. Problem gambling is a cross-cutting social issue with a wide range of It is estimated that problem gambling affects around 400,000 people in the UK, with around 2 million at risk of harm. It's also estimated impacts for individuals, families and communities.

Impacts of Problem Gambling in Local Areas

Problem gambling disproportionately affects certain groups. Young people, those in the criminal justice system and homeless people are at increased risk. In 2016, the Institute for Public Policy Research estimated that the social cost of gambling to the UK economy could be up to £1.2bn¹. The range of gambling impacts cuts right across your borough; GamCare has services to address every one.



# GamCare Certification - Audit and Consultancy

We work with gambling operators to review their policies and procedures, audit their training and support them to embed a culture of social responsibility from the board room to the customer service team.

Our Certification reviews a range of social responsibility measures to help to promote safer gambling and to minimise gambling-related harm. We can support your Licensing and Safer Communities teams, alongside their own programme of audit and inspections, to ensure that:

- Gambling industry staff are trained in the identification and signposting of individuals towards problem gambling support services;
- Staff understand the value of high quality personalised interactions, made in the right ways at the right times,
- Operators have embedded a culture of responsible gambling and prioritise the minimisation of risks and gambling-

Local authorities are encouraged to ensure the principles of GamCare Certification, promoting best practice around social responsibility for UK operators, are embedded in licensing Statement(s) of Principles.



"The Certification process certainly assisted us in understanding our role, as operators and product suppliers, regarding (the prevention of) problem gambling. Knowing our role is key to understanding our responsibilities."

## **GamCare Awareness Training**

## **Problem Gambling Awareness**



3 hours



15 max.



At a location to suit you



Contact us for a quote

Provides an understanding of problem gambling and gambling-related harm, including signs, symptoms and the impacts of problem gambling on an individual's life and those around them.

- Start to understand the psychology of gambling, why
  people gamble and what happens to the brain when we
  gamble.
- Understand the difference between gambling and problem gambling, indicators and how to signpost to appropriate services.

This course is for those working in frontline roles where they may encounter those affected by gambling-related harm, and who wish to gain a better understanding of the issue,



## Identification and Brief Advice



3 hours (CPD)



15 max.



At a location to suit you



Contact us for a quote

Provides an understanding of gambling-related harm, with a focus on key risk factors and how to identify the problem, how to use a brief gambling screen and a range of current referral sources.

- Understand problem gambling, how to screen for it and structure a brief conversation to elicit further detail.
- Attain knowledge of the support and advice available, including player protection tools as well as emotional and practical support.

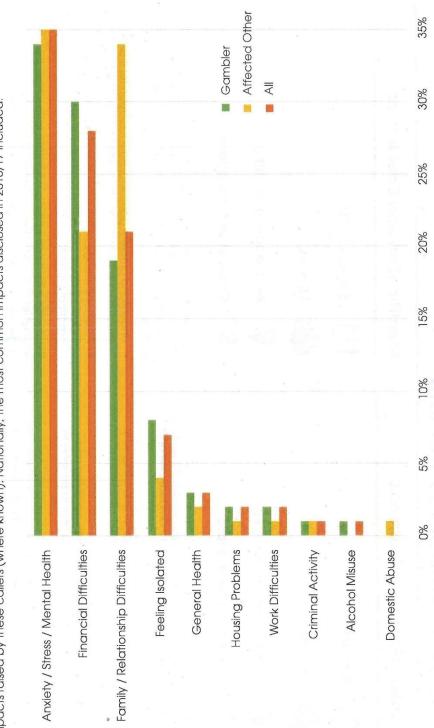
This course is for those working in frontline roles where they may encounter those affected by gambling-related harm, such as gambling industry staff, primary care workers, clinicians, advisers support workers or other healthcare professionals.

It provides the skills and knowledge to manage concerns and direct individuals to specialist help and support.

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## Data Insight





## Information, Advice and Treatment

GamCare operates the National Gambling HelpLine; open every day from 8am to midnight, providing information, advice and support over the phone and via web chat to more than 30,000 callers each year.

This service is supported by a range of funded treatment, operating through GamCare and our network of partner agencies across England, Scotland and Wales, delivering expert one to one and group interventions.

These fully funded services are free to access right now.

- Telephone information and advice for problem gamblers and those affected by gambling-related harm;
- Brief and Extended Brief Interventions to reduce gambling-related harm;
- A range of face-to-face, online and telephone treatment;
- Onward signposting into appropriate local services;
- Aftercare and peer support, including GamCare's online Forum and Chatrooms;

GamCare is a source of local expertise on problem gambling and its impacts.

We can partner with local authorities to promote our services at no or low cost to improve the uptake of treatment and support and reduce the impacts of problem gambling in your area.

## **Engagement and Outreach**

We understand how problem gambling develops in people's lives, and we understand how to intervene before things get out of control.

Our engagement teams work to proactively connect with the gambling industry, schools, police and probation services to provide a local signpost for all services in the community seeking expert help for gambling related harm,

Our engagement services will:

- Provide a specific gambling outreach service embedded within your local community;
- Engage with stakeholders across Local Authorities, operating a no-wrong door policy to ensure anyone, at any stage of the development of a problem can be supported;
- Operate from local authority or other desired premises;
- Link service users directly into the GamCare treatment network where further support is needed.

## Contact GamCare



020 7801 7000



info@gamcare.org.uk



www.gamcare.org.uk

## GamCare Training Services: Awareness and Prevention



## Why choose GamCare?

GamCare is the UK's leading provider of information, advice, support and to minimise gambling related harm freatment for anyone affected by problem gambling. We also work hrough education and training.

understanding of problem gambling, makers, the gambling industry and provided training for clinicians, researchers, educators, policy other professionals to increase its causes and consequences. Since 1997 GamCare has

awareness of problem gambling, and to educate those who might choose to gamble to do so responsibly. daily to those affected by gambling many different organisations to raise With 20 years of expertise, speaking problems, GamCare can work with

dealing with more complex

and sensitive matters."

are now better equipped This was an empowering session for all - our feams

and more confident in

This brochure is for anyone in a frontline believes they may come into contact role working with the public who with those affected by gambling

We deliver a comprehensive range of training products to sult your needs. Contact us today to discuss your equirements.

## Contact GamCare:



020 7801 7000

info@gamcare.org.uk

www.gamcare.org.uk/training-and-certification

## **Awareness and Prevention**

## Problem Gambling Awareness



3 hours

15 max.

responsible gambling and

hosted have improved

The sessions Gamcare our knowledge and understanding of the issues that can affect

our customers.

On-site or at our London office Provides an understanding of problem

harm, including signs, symptoms and the impacts of problem gambling on an individual's life and those around gambling and gambling-related them.

- Start to understand the psychology of gambling, why people gamble and what happens to the brain
- Understand the difference between gambling and problem gambling, appropriate services.

gambling-related harm, and who wish to gain a better understanding of the indicators and how to signpost to in frontline roles where they may encounter those affected by This course is for those working

Identification and Brief Problem Gambling -Advice



15 max.



On-site or at our

London office

brief gambling screen and a range of of gambling-related harm, with a focus on key risk factors and how to identify the problem, how to use a Provides in-depth understanding current referral sources.

- Understand problem gambling, how to screen for it and structure a brief conversation to elicit further detail
  - and advice available, including player protection tools as well as Attain knowledge of the support emotional and practical support

support workers or other healthcare in frontline roles where they may gambling-related harm, such as care workers, clinicians, advisers gambling industry staff, primary This course is for those working encounter those affected by professionals.

It provides the skills and knowledge to manage concerns and direct individuals to specialist help and

1

## **Gambling Industry Training**

-

## Social Responsibility and Interaction



6 hours (3 CPD Hours)



15 max.



On-site or at our London office

who may have an issue with gambling, the right time and place to signpost to Enables gambling industry managers and employees to identify customers interactions with those customers at to understand their behaviour and conduct sensitive, meaningful

psychology of gamblers in relation to interaction. It will encourage the gambling-related harm, this course effective, motivational interactions As well as helping teams to identify the behavioural characteristics of customers who may be at risk of development of skills to provide gives an understanding of the and conversations with at-risk

have responsible gambling interactions with customers in a frontline capacity, those working in land-based premises. This course is aimed at those working such as customer service teams or

## **Motivating Behaviour** Social Responsibility, Communication and Change



12 hours



On-site or at our London office Provides staff with the knowledge and skills to have proactive interactions on with all customers, whether or not they are experiencing harm from their the subject of responsible gambling gambing.

This two-day course gives an in-depth communication works and includes understanding of how motivational opportunities for practice time, to improve confidence in handling interactions with social, at-risk or problem gamblers.

with special focus on staying safe and The course equips learners with the self-care when dealing with more theoretical and practical skills for nandling calls and conversations challenging situations

ssues, who need to carry out proactive This course is aimed at those working across the gambling industry dealing with escalated responsible gambling esponsible gambling interactions.

## Gambling Industry Training & Certification

## GamCare Extra eLearning: Player Protection and

Social Responsibility



responsibility and player protection.
We also believe that it's important that players can identify companies that

that achieve high standards of social

acknowledging those organisations

We recognise the importance of

GamCare Certification

eLearning

ncrease understanding of problem gambling and player protection.

Find out how to identify and respond to player activity that may indicate problem gambling, inform customers signpost to appropriate help and about responsible gambling and support.

based multiple choice modules, aimed at those interacting with customers in the remote sector of the gambling Extra eLearning is a series of scenariondustry.



Code of Practice, and we certify both implemented player protection policy and practice relevant to their platform Reilly at daniel.reilly@gamcare.org.uk For more information contact Daniel GamCare Certification is a voluntary audit process, assessed against our remote and land based gambling as operators and product companies that have successfully operate to these high standards. understanding our role, certainly assisted us in suppliers, regarding (the prevention of) and gambling service.

problem gambling.
Knowing our role is key
to understanding our
responsibilities."

## **Awareness and Prevention**

Problem Gambling **Young People and** Awareness

3 hours (CPD)

15 max.

On-site or at our London office Around 370,000 young people aged may already be problem gamblers 11-15 gamble each week, and it's estimated that as many as 25,000

Many more may also be affected by the gambling of a loved one.

teachers and youth workers are well placed to be able to minimise harm as part of a robust safeguarding, mental Youth facing professionals such as health and prevention agenda.

This training provides knowledge of the issue and awareness about where to signpost young people to if they need nature of young people's gambling, confidence when dealing with the

for anyone working with young people aged 11-19. This CPD Accredited course is suitable

## Advice - For Universities dentification and Brief

3 hours

On-site or at our London office

Provide your staff with the awareness, problems with gambling and advise Student gambling issues are an knowledge and skills to identify students who are affected.

they can signpost to for further support communication skills to invite students to discuss their gambling and provide with the knowledge of which services behaviour, and will leave equipped a brief screening of their gambling Attendees will gain practical

Provide your staff with the knowledge and skills to be aware of, understand

> members at universities who interact or you may be a clinician or welfare with students - you may be working in the student finance department, This training is relevant to all staff



## **Awareness and Prevention**

Advice - For the Criminal Identification and Brief Justice System

Advice - For Sports Clubs Identification and Brief and Organisations

3 hours

15 max.

On-site or at our

On-site or at our London office

15 max.

3 hours

London office

sports players, academies and the problem gambling for professional responsible aftitude to gambling sports industry, and promotes a This course raises awareness of among this at-risk group.

Problem gambling is disproportionately

criminal justice system. From arrestees

prevalent amongst those in the to those on probation, there is

compelling evidence that problem gambling is an issue which too offen

remains unidentified.

sports leaders with the knowledge and which services they can signpost to for It will enable attendeesto understand the complexities of the issue and will skills to screen for problem gambling. equip them with the knowledge of This training provides coaches and further support.

This course is aimed at leaders in the sports industry who have a duty of care to their players.

ssue and will equip your team with the knowledge of which services they can

This training will enable staff to understand the complexities of the

and screen for problem gambling.

within the criminal justice system, at

This training is for anyone working

signpost to for further support.

Please note we offer reduced fees

for charities and statutory sector

organisations.

